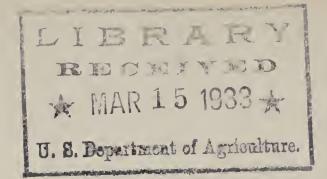
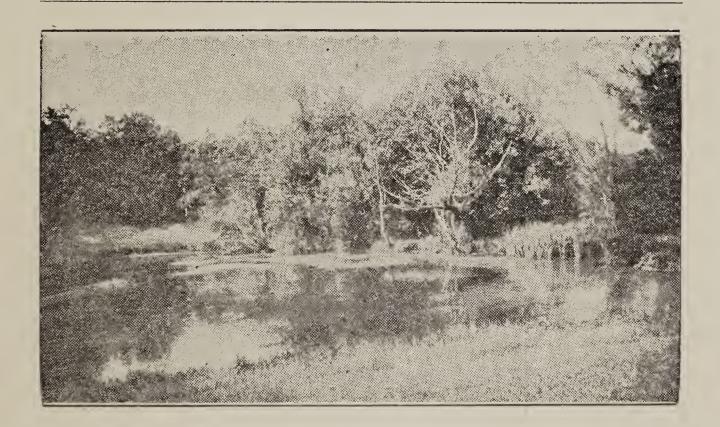
Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



The Woodland Gardens

Keswick, lowa 1933



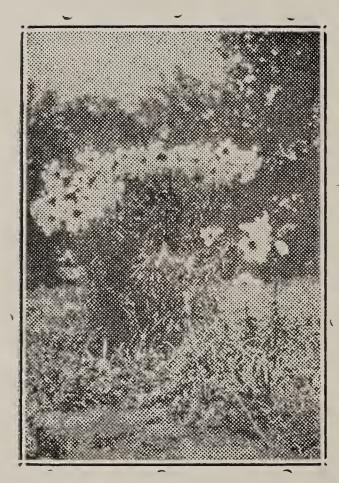
B∈ still! Little Seed, be still! A January thaw doesn't mean it is spring, 'Twill be many a day 'til Robins will sing. Be still! Little Seed, be still!

Don't stir! Apple Blooms, don't stir! Keep your brown coats tight folded around, Don't let the sun fool you, there's frost in the ground. Don't stir! Apple Blooms, don't stir!

Don't peep! Little Plants, don't peep! There's a grizzly old Frost King, to pinch your pink nose He'll reach down and grab hold of your dear little toes, Don't peep! Little Plants, don't peep!

Be still! Oh, Myself, be still!
Be contented to wait 'til Spring frees the streams,
Stay indoors and be gay in your garden of dreams,
Be still, Oh, Myself, be still!

-Flora Baldwin.



THE REGALE LILY

Greetings

A new year is already launched and going strong. Days are lengthening. Winds are strengthening. Warm days bring hints of color on tree and shrub. Somebody reported the other day a robin singing "Get busy, Get busy, It's almost spring."

We know that you all, along with us, are searching through enticing pages for new flower children, then pulling up short to peer into a thin purse! With this brotherly bond of necessary economics we have cut many of our prices, would have cut more had there been decreased postage rates.

To our old friends who remained faithful through last year's vicissitudes, we extend our warmest thanks. To these and to new friends we promise faithful service and honest dealing.

TERMS

Cash with order. 25 per cent on order will hold for spring delivery.

All retail orders amounting to \$1.00 or more will be sent postpaid, unless otherwise noted. For smaller orders, add 10 cents extrafor postage.

GUARANTEE

We raise our own stock of bulbs and plants, and use every care personally supervising all work. We promise you at all times entire satisfaction. We do our very best to avoid errors but we are just folks like the rest of you and we do sometimes make mistakes. When we do and you find it out first please tell US—not your neighbors.

SHIPMENT

We begin making shipments as soon after March 1st as weather conditions permit.

LOCATION

Our gardens are located one-fourth mile northeast of Keswick. You are cordially invited to visit us.

THE WOODLAND GARDENS
FLORA BALDWIN—NORAH BALDWIN
Keswick, Keokuk County, Iowa

Gladiolus

Introductions of The Woodland Gardens

The past three years have been unfavorable ones for us in testing seedlings: the first two because of extreme drouth, the last because illness and loss in the family left us without heart for the work. The single one which we offer is a lovely novelty.

Few of our seedlings have been shown but when they have, appreciation and awards have been plentiful.

Visitors to the gardens turn from the standard, named varieties, (of which you will note in the pages following, we have an estimable assortment), to the seedling section, exclaiming, "Oh, I want this, I want that!" Here are some of the "this" and "that" so much desired.

We are reducing prices on gladiolus markedly this year, so that in this time of financial stress, our friends may still be able to enjoy them.

In many varieties, especially our seedlings, our stock is small. Order early to avoid disappointment.

We do not substitute varieties, but unless requested otherwise may, when necessary, substitute equivalent value in a different size.

The following seedlings are offered in large size only.

1933—Introducing

THE PAINTED LADY

Woodland Gardens:

We received bulbs Saturday night. Are well pleased with them and many thanks for the extra ones. We certainly hope that we can visit you again this summer sometime as you have so many pretty glads.—W. K., Route 3, Sigourney, Iowa.

1

EARLIER INTRODUCTIONS

Gladiolus Show. This seedling was one of the most outstanding of the Mid-West Gladiolus Show 1927. Although not by any means in its best form, it attracted much comment for its great length of spike, symmetry of placement, and beauty of flower in form and color. It has the ability to hold onen a long spike of bloom over a longer period than any glad we have ever handled. It is not uncommon for it, in the show room, to hold a spike of bloom a foot or more long, for four or five days. We believe it has a great future as a commercial glad because of its great endurance. Color of bloom true Bittersweet orange, slightly splashed dull violet. Blooms of medium size but beautifully formed. Plant very strong and sturdy. Sometimes over 5 ft. tall.

CHLOE (1930)—Good sized, pointed blooms of Eugenie red, over laid Indian Lake. 4 to 5 open on a tall spike. Odd_____1—10_C CUNICKUNDA (1931)—5½ to 6 inch blooms of Geranium pink splashed with Dahlia carmine. Light splash of ruby on lip.

Five open. Fine.______1—25c

DEBUTANTE (1931)—Lively, fresh shade of geranium nink, upper petals shading to white at center. Lower petals blotched vivid

petals shading to white at center. Lower petals blotched vivid scarlet in throat. Most beautiful in general effect as the flower has the appearance of being lined with scarlet. Petals beautifully waved and curled. Blossoms always perfectly placed on a good spike. Texture very firm. Many visitors last summer proclaimed Debutante the most beautiful glad in the garden.

DOVE OF PEACE (1929)—Cream white. Petals very heavy and waxy. The stamens also are cream so that the appearance of the flower is that of great purity. A minute stain of crimson often appears on a wing, giving it its name. For what Dove of Peace has ever carried its garments unstained through life! This is a most excellent variety for florists.____1—10c

EVELYN HUMMER (1931)—Extra long spike of soft rose-red. Lighter at center of flower. Lightly etched splotch of deeper celor with background of pale lemon on lower netals. 6 to 8 blooms wide open at one time. Somewhat ruffled.____1—10c

HOPE (1930)—Light Spectrum red, splashed Dahpne pink. Striking throat blotch. The outer half being pale yellow, the inner half deep ruby. Entire blotch surrounded by purple. Don't sound good, but is. Bloom large, well formed.____1—10c

JENNIE HUMMER (1931)—La France pink splashed lightly with mauve. Scarlet blotch on lip and often on all the petals. Very dainty coloring. Good size and substance. Plenty open. 1—10c

MOTHER'S PET-Cream and Noples yellow, sometimes much deep-

er. Lips deeper. Petals splashed rose to tyrian rose. Deepest

at the tip. Petals beautifully waved and curled with exquisite rose-bud like buds. Rather short of growth, but long on beauty.

1—25c

NO 20 SEEDLING (1928)—A large lavender that is much like Louise in growth and form of flower but more nearly self color, and having very slight markings on lower petals. General tone has more blue in it than Louise. It is somewhat earlier and a better spike, without the clubbiness of Louise.

OLD SILVER TIP (1932)—Tall growing, with good sized blooms well placed on a good spike. Color deep, velvety red, splashed at the edges and tipped with silver. Very handsome and unusual.

THE SUNBONNET LADY (1930)—Argyle purple, stippled deep Hellibore red, splashed nople red. Lip carmine. Large blooms well placed on a tall spike. Quaint.

1—25c

TRULA (1928)—Warm, creamy buff, deeper in tone on lower petals. Has a transparent delicacy of coloring seldom found in gladiolus. Good sized, beautifully formed blooms well placed on a

good straight spike. A customer who has grown it, says "I just sit and admire and absorb it." Very lovely in baskets and vases. Coloring without duplicate.____1—15c WINONA (1931)—Very early. Blooms pale mallow pink, deeper at the edges and sometimes slightly splashed mallow purple. Tall full spike of very large blessoms. Many open.____1—__20c

ZILPHY (1930)—A fat prim that isn't a prim. Blooms have beautifully rounded petals of great substance, slightly hooded, and are always placed just right. Eight open on a long spike. Color scarlet with creamy band down center of each petal. The three lower petals are blotched Naples yellow, lightly etched at base with ruby. Very bright and showy._____2—10c

SEEDLING COLLECTION—One each of all seedlings listed—\$2.50

Dear Miss Baldwin:

Just a few lines to tell you that I was more than pleased with the bulbs received from you last year. I cannot buy many this year as the depression strikes us, too, as it does everyone else. but I just must have a few more of your beauties. I think your Coryphee and Aida are the most beautiful Glads I ever saw anywhere. When Coryphee bloomed I said it was perfect and there just could not be anything more beautiful and then when Aida came I decided that there was another at least as good. And Paul Pfitzer was another beauty. Well, they were all very fine and I was more than pleased with every one. And so when your catalog came this year, I just could not resist the temptation to have just a few more.—Mrs. J. D. S., Farmington, Iowa.

Gladiolus—General List

Bulbs listed below are in size 1 inch or over. In many varieties double the number in smaller, blooming sizes may be had at same price, upon request. Bulblets a matter of correspondence.

AIDA (Pfitzer)—Dark violet blue. Small red blotch on lower petals. Spike tall and symmetrical. Very early and choice. 2—25c AVE MARIA (Pf.)—Large light blue with slight markings. Blooms well placed and many on a tall spike. We think it the "best blue" to date.____. BETTIE NUTHALL (SA)—Coral pink with light yellow throat.

Sometimes listed as an orange. Very tall spikes and large blooms.

CARUSO (Pf.)—Very early red. Large bloom on a very good spike. Imported variety. Especially good for forcing.____2—10c CORYPHEE (Pf.)—Exquisite soft pink. Probably the most desirable shade of pink on the market.____2—25c DR. F. E. BENNETT (D)—"House afire red." Known as best red. ELAINE (Bill)—Very strong fine white. Lilac veining.___2—10c ELIZABETH TABOR (Hinkle)—Extra early, light rose pink, blotched scarlet. Small blooming size._____2—10c FERN KYLE—Large, ruffled, creamy flower. Very beautiful. Full spikes.

GOLDEN DREAM (Gr.)—A splendid new yellow that has won many honors.

GOLD EAGLE (A)—Deep, rich yellow. One of the best yellows. ____3—10c HALLEY (Vel)-Very early pink, favorite with florists. Probably the greatest glad of commerce.___2—10c; 10—25c; 100—\$2.00 JONKHEER VAN TETS (Pf.)—Pure white exhibition glad. Many large. perfectly placed blooms on tall spike. Exceptionally fine. JUBILEE (Kemp)—Called the greatest gladiolus of all time. Enormous flowers of light vinaceous lavender. Perfect spike and placement. _____1—25c

MINUET—Tall light lavender. The most perfect in form of any lavender. MME. VON KONYNENBURG (Pf.)—Fine, light lavender blue. Strong grower, fine spike and bloom. A great blue.___1-10c MOTHER MACHREE (ST)—Lavender grey with lips of petals reddish violet. 7 to 8 five-inch blooms open. A most wonderful glad. _____1—25c MR. W. H. PHIPPS (D)—Greatest of all show glads. Whole spike open. La France pink._____1—10c PAUL PFITZER (Pf.)—Dark iris violet. Large bloom, beautiful

color, a fine glad.____25c

the lacinated type. Very fine.____2-25c

PURPLE GLORY—Ruffled, deep velvety red.____1—10c RUFF-O-LACE (Kemp)—Ruffled and lacinated white. Largest of

ROSE ASHE (D)—Rose and blue grey shaded. Novel.___2—10c

MIXTURES

We had two mixes last year and no one will own to having done it. If they did it wouldn't help any. We hate to own it ourselves but they are still mixed! We are going to let you have them dirt cheap. All will be blooming size, but if you will send postage we will send all large.

ANNIE LAURIE—Pink and white ruffled.

LOS ANGELES—Soft salmon pink.

GOLDEN SWALLOW—Early pointed yellow

TYCKO ZANG—Fine, late pink.

Either mixture____2 dozen for 25c

Gladiolus Collections

Our bulbs are clean and fine, all having been treated at planting for years. They afford a wealth of bloom at a low price.

The following collections we believe unequaled by any collections of equal price. Those who try the first collection almost invariably come back the following year for the next best, so that the "Glad" collection sells for us the next season the "Gladder" and the "Gladder" in its turn sells the "Gladdest."

- sized bulbs._____Per dozen 50c; 100 for \$3.00 "GLADDEST_COLLECTION"—Named varieties selected by us from those listed in our catalogues, each bulb labeled correctly embracing a wide variety of colors and types. Many ruffled. You may state whether you wish light or dark colors predominating. Selected from our best._____Per dozen \$1.00
- ALL SUMMER COLLECTION—This collection includes a great variety of colors and kinds but all good. One hundred of these bulbs will supply quantities of bloom over a period of weeks, as the bulbs are in assorted sizes from large to small, but all, even the smallest, practically certain to bloom. The small sizes bloom later in the season. If you want a variety of bloom and many surprises over a long period, this collection will please you.______100 bulbs \$1.25

Hardy Perennials

The plants offered in the following list are field grown from thrifty stock. They will reach you in good growing condition. They will be sent prepaid on orders amounting to \$1.00 or more. For smaller orders allow 10c for postage and packing.

Items that are starred are suitable for rock garden.

ACHILLEA—Milfoil, Yarrow—

An ironclad perennial of very easy culture. In almost any soil it will cover itself with bloom, especially if faded blooms are shorn. The tiny flowers in white and shades of pink and lavender are closely arranged in flat corymbs. The foliage, fine cut and fern-like, is almost as attractive as the dainty blooms. A most useful border plant. 1 to 1½ ft. Mixed colors only.

AMSONIA—

TABERNAEMONTANA—A little known valuable perennial. It produces freely in May and June panicles of lovely light blue starry blooms. It is extremely hardy; happy in almost any sunny location. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 25c

ANCHUSA—Alkanet—

ITALICA DROPMORE—One of the very best perennials. Its beautiful gentian-like blue blossoms are like a cloud in the spring, and flash out again throughout the summer. Four ft.

-----Each 25c; 3 for 60c

MYOSOTIDIFLORA*—A dwarf perennial from Russia with clusters of dainty blue flowers, resembling forget-me-nots. After the fleeces of bloom in May and June, its attractive foliage makes it still desirable through the summer.—Each 35c

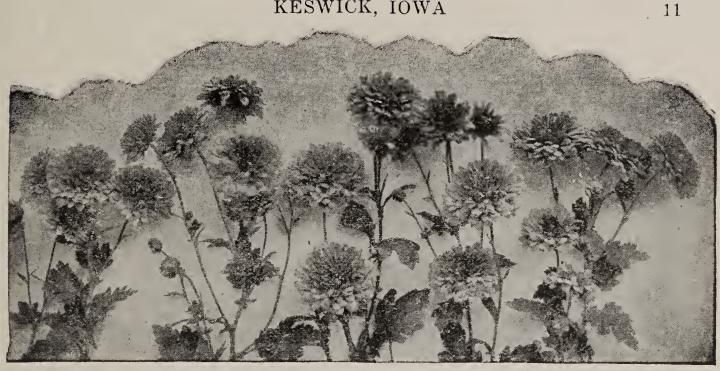
ANTHEMIS—Camomile—

TINCTORIA—Very hardy plant with finely cut foliage and large, golden yellow, daisy-like blooms all summer. Fine for cutting. Any sunny location.—————Each 25c

Dear Friends:

My plants came a few days ago and I was delighted with them. Many thanks for the hemerocallis you sent me as a gift. I am anxious to see the bloom. I want to order just a few more things. Please send to me at the above address.—Mrs. G. B., Des Moines, Ia.

HARDY PERENNIALS (Continued)
ARTEMESIA—Southernwoods Sage Brush—
LACTIFLORA—A hardy border perennial sending out long sprays of tiny white blooms that fill the garden with perfume. Fine as a filler among other fllowers in baskets and vases and in winter bouquets. Thrives best in a moist, drained place. Each 25c
SILVER KING—This entire plant is silvery grey. It is like a silver mist among other flowers either used with cut flowers or in the garden. Retains form and color when dried for winter use. Likes a dry, sunny place.————————————————————————————————————
AQUILEGIA—Columbine—
BURBANK DOUBLE—Plant about two feet high, literally covered with large, double blooms of dark blue, or deep purple. Either color———————————————————————————————————
BAPTISIA—False Indigo—
AUSTRALIS—Tall spikes of clear blue flowers. Foliage at- attractive. Fine border plant35c
CAMPUNULA—Bell-Flower—
TRACHELIUM*—(Coventry Bells)—Sturdy plants with light purple blooms that droop from a long spike most pleasingly. Prefers some shade. July and August. 2 ftEach 25c CHELONE—Turtle-head or Shell-Flower—
Hardy, herbaceous perennial of easy culture. They do well in
any good garden soil but are especially contented in moist, rich soil along waterways. The flowers, on close terminal spikes, remind one of the gentians. The plant presents a dignified, unusual beauty and remains in bloom a long while. 2 to 3 ft.
LYONI—Showy, purplish redEach 30c
CLEMATIS—Dwarf—
DAVIDIANA—Foliage bright green. Flowers bell-shaped deep lavender-blue cluster about the axis of the leaves. Odd and desirableEach 35c
CONVALLARIA*—
THE LILY OF THE VALLEY—Is too often neglected and crowded into some sod-bound corner. It rejoices in a semi-shaded nook, free from grass and weeds, and will repay a little care with fine long spikes of fragrant bloom. Strong clumpsEach 25c



CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Hardy Garden—

The varieties listed below are the hardiest garden sorts we have so far been able to procure. We are continually revising our list reserving those best adapted to the mid-west, selecting those most hardy with frost resisting blooms and early enough to be sure of opening before too severe weather. They furnish sheaves of bloom that continue in beauty long after the first frosts. If heavy freezing weather threatens, branches of blooms or buds may be cut and kept in a cool place in water indoors for weeks. After the ground freezes, break down the tops and cover lightly with trash. An inch covering with cindery ashes helps. Give good drainage.

All are pompoms unless noted.

ANGELO-Large, early pink pompom, free blooming and fine. BOSTON—Showy orange-brown, early pompom.

CAPT. E. H. COOK—Clear, deep rose color, tipped with bronze. Large button, unique and attractive.

CRIMSON TANGLE—Raggedy pompom of deep, clear crimson, Resists extreme cold and needs to as it is a little later than most of those in this list. A most worthy variety.

MURILLO-Lovely pink pompom of exquisite formation. Early and free flowering.

OCTOBER GOLD—Beautiful coloring in coppery orange, changing to golden yellow with pink tones. Very free flowering and choice.

OLD LAVENDER—Lavender with red shadings. Quaint, large button.

RUTH CUMMINGS—Rich, reddish bronze, with terra-cotta tintings, opening to even soft bronze. Raggedy and petals somewhat quilled. A choice sort.____Each 35c

SNOWDROP—The best pure white button. Mid-season. Price each unless noted_____20c

COLLECTION OF NAMED VARIETIES

One each of the above_____\$1.50

CHRYSANTHEMUMS (Continued)

UNNAMMED CHRYSANTHEMUMS PURE WHITE—Perfectly double, raggedy, 2 to 3 inch blooms. Each 25c BRIGHT YELLOW—Entirely double, quite regularly formed. 2 to 3 in	CHRISANTHEMONS (Continued)
BRIGHT YELLOW—Entirely double, quite regularly formed. 2 to 3 in	UNNAMMED CHRYSANTHEMUMS
BRIGHT YELLOW—Entirely double, quite regularly formed. 2 to 3 in	PURE WHITE—Perfectly double, raggedy, 2 to 3 inch blooms.
ROSY PURPLE—Semi-double, good sizeEach 20c DARK RED BUTTON—Fully double. A mass of blooms about an inch across that open a deep red, changing to bronze- yellow after heavy frosts. Extremely attractiveEach 35c BRONZE—Great sheaves of bloom in soft, even tone of light bronze. Early and very hardy pompomEach 25c COLLECTION—One each of above six sorts, labeled\$1.25 CHRYSANTHEMUM SPECIES— COREANUM—(Korean Chrysanthemum.) A new perennial from Korea of unusual merit and hardness. Stocky plants two to four feet in height are covered with white daisy-like blooms with golden centers. They often turn pink and the effect is of clouded pink and white. Uncommon and very worth while. ———————————————————————————————————	BRIGHT YELLOW—Entirely double, quite regularly formed.
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GALEGA—Goat's Rue— Off. NANA ROSEA* (Dwarf.)—Locust-like foliage. Flowers	

GYPSOPHILA—Baby's Breath—

BRISTOL FAIRY—A new introduction. Its pure white blooms larger than old sorts and double, are produced in panicles. If cut it will repeat. Very fine.—————Each 40c

HEMEROCALLIS—Day Lily—

The Hemerocallis has been sold almost universally by florists as lilies. But they are not lilies. They are of much more rapid reproduction and of easier culture. The plants have slender sword-like leaves and produce great quantities of lily-like bloom during long periods of the summer. By a selection of several kinds, the blooming season may be made to extend over the entire summer. Most of them are fragrant and all are graceful and especially attractive as cut flowers. The plants are not at all particular as to location. They are good for damp spots such as edging of pools, as well as for the driest locations. The plants offered are fine specimens.

FLAVA—(Yellw Day Lily.) Fragrant, lemon yellow blossoms in June and July. Two and one-half feet.____Each 20c

FULVA—(Tawny Day Lily.) Large trumpet shaped flowers of tawny orange. These lilies when once established will bear more neglect, tramping, and blue grass than any other and still throw up fine blossom spikes. 3 feet. July.___Each 25c

KWANSO—Large, double flowered variety, with rich, golden bronze flowers of heavy substance. Blooms over a long period, fine._____Each 25c

MIDDENDORFII—Rich orange yellow. Delightfully fragrant. Flowers in May and June. One and one-half feet.__Each 20c One each of the above varieties, value \$1.15______Price 85c

HIERACIUM*—

AURANTIACUM—Dwarf plant. Deep orange blooms. Unusual and fine for rock garden._____25c

The Woodland Gardens:

Thank you for the generous supply of the violets. There was a lily bulb I don't think I ordered.—Mrs. M., O. Randle Cliffs, Ind.

lris

The "Fleur de Lis", National flower of France, has endeared itself to the hearts of people of all nationalities. Its elusive, haunting fragrance and its exquisite colorings make its blooming season a keenly anticipated pleasure that is amply fulfilled each year. Thanks to the efforts of hybridizers, its former short blooming season has been extended by selection of different kinds to many weeks. It will thrive in almost any soil, but loves best a damp location with drainage, as its roots should not stand in water.

The varieties we are offering are all of high rating and cover a wide range of colors. They may be transplanted at almost any time, except in blooming season.

The great and increasing popularity of Iris has induced us to add many new kinds to our Iris plantings. No flower is more lovely and more easy to grow.

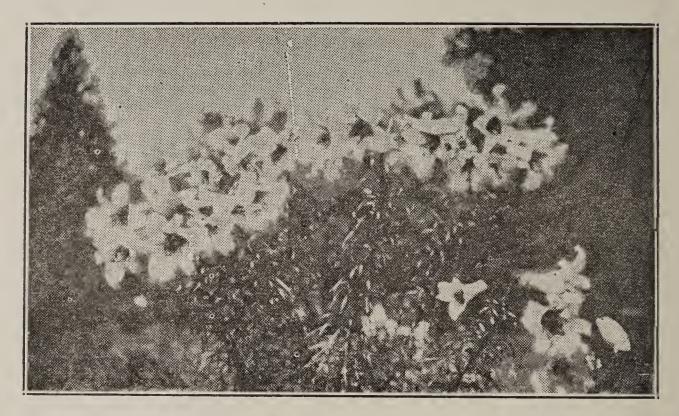
- AMBASSADEUR—A regal flower that has a great future. It is already the rival of Mother of Pearl in popularity. Both should be in every collection. Standards smoky lavender. Falls deep, velvety red-violet. Tall, well branched, blooms of heavy substance.
- CAPRICE—One of the most delightful of Iris. Its perfume, resembling crushed grapes, is quite attractive enough. But its other qualities are also endearing. Flowers are rounded and large, of rich. rosy lilac, darker in falls._____Each 20c
- One of the finest pink Irises in cultivation, greatly in demand.

- HONORABILIS—Fine yellow with lower petals of maroon. An odd, but very pretty Iris._____2 for 25c
- JUANITA—Clear blue, large fragrant flowers. Very fine. Each 25c
- JUBILEE—A large ruffled flower of very heavy substance. Standards tinted with peach color, hafts and edges of falls creamwhite veined and dotted bright brown._____Each \$1.00

IRIS (Continued)

LENT A. WILLIAMSON—Similar to Aleazar, but ever broader and more massive, with heavier stalks. The velvety, pansy violet falls are emphasized by the intervening bronze-gold center, and the crinkled standards of lavender violetEach 350
LONA—A beautiful plicata. Ground color soft yellow and white dotted and veined with various shades of amethyst purple 30 inEach \$1.00
MAORI KING—Short and compact growth, very free bloom. Standards rich, golden yellow, closely incurved; falls velvety redebrown, distinctly feathered. The best of many similarly marked varieties.———————————————————————3 for 25c.
MRS. HORACE DARWIN—28-in. S. pure white. F. white veined lavender. One of the best whites.—————Each 25cd
MAD. PACQUETTE—An even tone of rosy claret, probably the closest approach to red in our list. Exquisitely fragrantEach 200
of the ameona type, and best of the many fine productions of the late Mr. Farr. Standards white, faintly flushed pale lavender. Falls rich, dark, velvety pansy violet, with a very narrow color of lavender white Expensional substance 20 in Fach \$1.00
edge of lavender white. Exceptional substance. 30-in. Each \$1.00 MOTHER OF PEARL—This new Iris has a popularity never before equaled by any new Iris in the few years since it was introduced. S. and F. pale bluish lavender with creamy undertone that often assumes the luster and irridescence of the lining of sea shells. One of the finest Irises in the world3000
OPERA—S. red purple. F. purple violet, beard yellow. A new imported Iris, very fine40c
PALLIDA DALMATICA—A rare, delightful variety, especially fine for massing as well as for cutting. Tall growing; with very large full-formed flowers of soft lavender, the falls being of deeper hueEach 20c
PLUMERI—Deep wine redEach 150
QUEEN OF MAY—S. lilac pink; F. lilac, blended with white; distinct, good landscape variety: a fine IrisEach 150
RHEIN NIXE—S. white, very large; F. rich violet purple, with distinct narrow white edge. A charming flower, beautiful in massed effectsEach 150
BIFLORA*—Dwarf, very early. Rich purple, fine for edging200
SIBERIAN—Brilliant deep blue flowers in profusion. Needs a damp placeEach 15c
VERSICOLOR—(See Wild Flowers.)
IRIS COLLECTIONS—
NO. 1—Your choice of 10c to 25c varieties10 for \$1.00 NO. 2—Three each Flavescens, Florentine Alba. Maori King, Queen of May, one Caprice, one Plumeri\$1.00 NO. 3—One each Lent A. Williamson, Juanita, Mother of Pearl, Queen of May, Pallida Delmatica\$1.00

Lilies



THE REGALE LILY

The culture of lilies, except for common varieties, has, until recently been regarded as too difficult for the general flower garden. But the advent of the robust Regale has encouraged a wider knowledge and planting of other varieties almost as easily handled as the Regale. Those in the following list are all entirely hardy. Give good drainage and follow the planting scale below. Surround your bulbs with an inch of sand and watch for moles! Ground cover and semi-shade are grateful to most lilies.

Depth of planting (measured from top of bulb surface to ground):

- 4 inches-Candidum, Elegans, Wallacai. Superbum, Umbellatum.
- 5 to 6 inches-Auratum, Longiflorum, Tigrinum.
- 6 to 8 inches—Regale, Speciosum.

All bulbs offered are full blooming size and so far as possible from our own gardens. But the demand for lilies is so great that our own stock is sometimes exhausted and we must supply the best obtainable in the market. Order lilies early. Late orders will be held over until fall.

LILIES (Continued)

- AURATUM—Gold Banded Lily of Japan—This is one of the finest lilies grown. Its immense creamy blossoms spotted and studded with chocolate-crimson spots and having a broad golden band through the center of each petal are produced abundantly from July to September. Very fragrant._____Each 50c
- CANDIDUM—Madonna Lily—Pure white garden lily. It produces fragrant flowers in abundance in June. We supply home grown bulbs, original stock of which came from Northern France. An exceptionally fine strain of Madonnas, having large blooms with thick petals of great durability. No garden should be without at least one clump of these lilies. It is one of the earliest lilies and therefore the more prized. These lilies should be transplanted in August, but orders should be placed this spring to be sure of getting home grown bulbs, as our stock is limited and the demand is always great. ______Each 35c
- ELEGANS—Large, brilliant orange-red blooms, produced in a loose or double whorl at the top of stem. A clump of these lilies makes a gorgeous show when it blooms in June. Very hardy. Large bulbs._____Each 15c; 4 for 50c; 10 for \$1.00

Per packet of 200 seeds, 25c. planting instructions included.

Protect Regale Lilies from spring frost.

- SPECIOSUM HENRYI—A fine variety of speciosum. Very vigorous and prolific. Flower stalks 3 to 5 ft. high. Blooms deep apricot yellow, lightly spotted brown. Very fragrant.__Each 50c
- SPECIOSUM ALBUM—White Japan Lily. It has a greenish band running through the center of each petal. Fragrant. A very satisfactory lily. July.____Each 60c



THE PINK LILY OF JAPAN, SPECIOSUM RUBRUM

SUPERBUM—Swamp or Turp's Cap Lily—A native variety of great beauty. Brilliant orange flowers in July.____Each 25c

TESTACEUM—The Nankeen Lily. One of the finest lilies that can be garden grown. Color dull apricot or rosy buff with striking orange antlers. Easily grown. 5 ft. June, July. Fragrant.

TIGRINUM SPLENDENS—Tiger Lily.—5 feet tall. An improved strain of the dear old-fashioned Tiger Lily of our Grandmothers' garden. Bright orange red, spotted black. Makes a magnificent show.____Large bulbs, each 15c; 4 for 50c; 10 for \$1.00

TIGRINUM, FORTUNI GIGANTEUM, FLORE PLENO—Double Tiger Lily—As hardy and floriferous as the Giant Tiger, growing about the same height. It bears an immense head of double blossoms that are handsome and unusual.————Each 45c

UMBELLATUM GRANDIFLORUM—A strong blooming lily with bronzy foliage. It has a grand head of bloom in rich orange with red shadings. Of easiest culture.____Each 30c

LILIES (Continued)

WALLACEI—A Japan lily that is hardy and easily grown. Color apricot, thickly spotted brown, flowers upright, very gracefully held. This lily loves moisture but must not stand in water. Each 35c; 3 for 90c

LINARIA*—

HENDERSONII-Fine purple snapdragon blooms. Dainty of appearance but rugged constitution.____ VULGARIS—Butter and Eggs (See Wild Flowers)___3 for 25c

LYCIUM—Matrimony Vine—

CHINENSE—Hardy climbing vine. Each new shoot produces a cluster of purple blossoms, followed by clear scarlet fruits. These will keep for weeks indoors and outrival bittersweet in coloring.____Each 25c

LYTHRUM—Purple Loosestrife—

SUPERBUM ROSEUM—Rosy purple spikes of showy blooms all summer. Very desirable.____Each 25c

LINUM*—Flax—

PERENNE—Lovely subject for border or rock garden. Feathery, small bushes, spangled with fresh blooms each morning—blue as azure skies.____Each 25c

MONARDO or BERGAMOT—Oswego Tea—

Plants with aromatic foliage, producing in profusion their bright flowers during July and August. The plants are very thrifty and do well in any soil. 2 to 3 ft.
DIDYMA, CAMBRIDGE SCARLET—Brilliant scarlet crimson.

_____Each 25c

OENOTHERA*—Evening Primrose—

AMERICA—One of Luther Burbank's creations and a very wonderful primrose. Very large, white blooms, each petal as large as the entire bloom of most varieties.____3 for 50c MEXICAN—A choice little primrose with good sized blooms of a lovely shade of pink.____3 for 50c

PENTSTEMON—Beard Tongue—

LAEVIGATUS DIGITALIS-Loose spreading spikes of bloom with long poised flowers resembling foxgloves. White with purple markings or pinkish lavender. Fine for cutting and in the border. It needs a sunny but not too dry location. Mixed colors.____Each

Phlox

Phlox seems to belong with the good old fashions of curls and long skirts. In following the revival of these quaint fashions in dress, the demand for the old-fashioned flowers has so much increased that it is with difficulty that the supply is kept equal to it.

creased that it is with difficulty that the supply is kept equal to it.

Summer drouths are hard on all perennials, particularly so on phlox, because it gives the red spider a chance to work. If the plants are given an occasional spray of sulphur or sulphur and wood ashes while dew is on or an oft repeated sousing of soapsuds, they will come through almost any drouth without serious injury. Treatment should be given at once if leaves at bottom show signs of turning yellow.

AFRICA—Brilliant carmine red with blood-red eye. Best dark red. New and scarce35c
BEACON—Brilliant cherry red. Fine heads on strong stems.
BRIDESMAID—White, crimson eye. LovelyEach 25c
BACHANNTE—Intense Tyrian rose with a crimson eyeEach 20c
ECLAIREUR—Bright rhodamine purple with lighter halo.
ENCHANTRESS—New, an improved Elizabeth Campbell, salmon pink with dark red eye. Very fineEach 25c
FRAU ANTON BUCHNER—A very fine white. Immense trussesEach 25c
HENRY MERGER—White, heavy crimson centerEach 20c
MAGNIFICENCE*—Very early blooming dwarf. Fine foliage and phlox-purple bloom. Usually in bloom for Decoration Day, and is lovely in bouquets. Its trusses are more loose and dainty than other phlox. 12 to 18 inches.——Each 25c
MISS LINGARD—Earliest, longest spike, white with pale lavender eye. Thick, glossy foliage. June.——Each 25c
MISS VERBLOOM—Rose pink form of Miss Lingard. Habit, foliage and blooming time same. One of the finest new introductios.——————————Each 50c
MRS. WM. JENKINS—Waxy White. Tall. Full heads. Each 20c
NICOLAS FLAMMEL—A fine new red. Bright carmine-lake. Suffused, crimson eye Each 35c
brilliant carmine eve.
RHEINLANDER—Salmon pink, claret-red eyeEach 25c RYNDSTROM—Neyron rose pinkEach 20c SIEBOLD—Vivid orange gearlet
Vivid orange scarlet Hach 25c
Very attractive
WM. RAMSEY—Very rich, dark purple. Fine large blooms and truss. Stock scarceEach 25c

PHLOX (Continued)

THOR—A fine shade of salmon-pink, overlaid and suffused.
scarlet._____Each 25c
VON HINDENBURG—Brilliant crimson red or wine color with
deeper eye. Makes a great color display.____Each 35c
COLLECTION—One each Bachannte, Enchantress, H. Merger,
Mrs. Wm. Jenkins, Siebold and Wm. Ramsey_____\$1.00

PHYSALIS—Chinese Lantern Plant—

FRANCHETI—(2 ft. high)—An interesting, hardy plant producing an abundance of fiery red lantern-like fruits that can be picked and kept for winter decoration. Grows rapidly in any good garden soil. When the fruit turns a bright red, cut the stem off to the ground. Hang in a cool cellar until cured. Handled in this way the leaves remain on the plant, curling until they resemble holly leaves and add greatly to the beauty of the winter bouquet._____Each 20c; 3 for 50c



PHYSOSTEGIA-

One of the most beautiful of our late summer flowering plants. It grows from two to four feet high, bearing large spikes of delicate tubular flowers somewhat like a giant heather. It begins to flower in midsummer and continues until frost. It makes a great show in the garden and cuts well. Very useful on banks to stop washing. Holds its own with bluegrass.

VIRGINICA—Soft, bright pink. Lovely.

VIRGINICA VIVID—A new dwarf variety and a great improvement over other varieties. It blooms about three weeks later; flowers are larger and deeper pink, lasting long in water._____Each 25c

PLATYCODON—Balloon Flower—

Bellshaped, five-pointed flowers, two or more inches in diameter on long loose racemes produced constantly from July until frost. The summer garden is not overburdeed with blue flowers, and this one is so vivid that it attracts much attention. The white ones resemble lilies. 2 to 3 ft.

Single, either blue or white_____Each 25c Semi-double, either blue or white_____Each 35c

POPPY ORIENTALE—Oriental Poppy—

BURBANK—Oriental poppies make a gorgeous display in their blooming season, May and June, their blooms reopening each day. The Burbank strain is a highly developed strain in shades of deep crimson with black markings. Blooms immense. Orders for Oriental Poppies will be filled in late summer or early fall and they cannot be safely transplanted at other seasons._____Each 35c; 3 for 85c

SALVIA—

PRATENSIS—Fuzzy-leaved perennial with long spikes of bright blue. Beginning to flower in June, it continues for a number of weeks. Very worth while. 12 to 18 inches._Each 25c PATENS—Called the "best blue in the floral kingdom."___25c SCLAREA—Handsome, broad-leaved plant with strong spikes of lavender bloom. Formation and coloring unusual and very eye arresting.____Each 25c

SEDUM*—Stone Crop—

An easily grown class of hardy plants which can be used to advantage in poor, sandy or rocky soil, which would be otherwise barren. The varieties listed are all upright and while they have their use in rock gardens, they are equally effective in the border. The heads of bloom are often six inches or more across and every branch carries a head of bloom. The foliage is rounded, thick and rubbery. 15 to 18 inches.

BRILLIANT—Bright, dark rose______Each 25c SPECTABILIS—Light, rose-colored flowers_____Each 25c VARIEGATA—Blossoms pale pink. Foliage beautifully variegated green and white. Choice and rare_____Each 35c _____One plant of each color 75c

DWARF VARIETIES

ACRE—Golden Moss—Excellent ground cover. Green foliage. Yellow bloom. Prostrate and spreading._____3 for 75c STOLONIFERUM—Pinkish evergreen foliage. Flowers purplish pink in July and August. Always handsome. Especially fine in rock garden. 6 in._____3 for 75c

SHAMROCK*—

SPIREA—Goat's Beard: Meadow Sweet—

PALMATA ELEGANS—A very handsome, herbaceous perennial. Thrives best in moist rich soil. Fond of the waterside or shady border. Feathery plumes of a lovely shade of pink crown it in June. 3 ft._____Each 35c

STACHYS*—

COCCINNEA—A very new border plant that is not only very lovely, but easily handled. It has a long blooming season and its spikes of small scarlet bloom instantly catch the eye. To see it is to want it.______Each 35c

VERONICA—

SPICATA—Long spikes of violet blue all summer. This is a fine variety for the hardy border. It should be cut back for continuous bloom. Easiest culture and very showy.__Each 25c

REPENTRIS*—Thick, matted, dark green foliage. Covered with bright blue 4-in. spikes in June.____Each 25c

VINCA MINOR*—Trailing Myrtle—

Dwarf evergreen trailing plant that is fine for ground cover and carpeting shady places. Blue flower.__Each 20c; 3 for 45c

VIOLA—Tufted Pansy—

Violas are being grown more extensively every year. Since gardeners have learned that they may be kept in almost continuous bloom by shearing the faded blossoms, they have found them delightful in many locations, especially where partial shade is not so suitable for other plants. This does not mean they will not thrive in sun, but like both violet and pansy to which they owe their parentage, they do enjoy shelter from the hottest sun.

The two varieties quoted below are both larger of bloom than older sorts.

CORNUTA—Apricot Queen. Deep orange with apricot center. Very new.____Each 40c

CORNUTA—Jersey Gem. A production of recent years that is very popular since the price has become reasonable. Blooms persistent. Color violet blue._____Each 25c

VIOLET*-

The violets that we are listing have all been naturalized to western conditions, and will thrive splendidly in any semi-shaded position. They delight in spreading out among roses or low shrubs.

Our "English Hybrid" was obtained by crossing the old English violet, which is not hardy here, with the Arkansas. Both plant and bloom are considerably larger than her English parent. Good sized, single blooms of deep, soft, violet color, exquisitely fragrant. It blooms in early spring and again in the fall. It should have a slight protection of leaves in winter, although it will often carry

through with none.

"Delight" we found in a door-yard of a small city in Southern Iowa. The lady who owned the door-yard said that her husband who had been a sailor, had found it growing wild in Argentine. We have not been able to locate it anywhere else, so we introduced it under the name of "Delight." It calls forth more "Ohs" and "Ahs" when first met than a new baby. The color is white with bright blue centen. Sometimes the white is slightly suffused or feathered blue. But always it is lovely. The blooms are held well above the foliage and are much more showy than any other violet.

CANADENSE—This violet is found growing wild in some parts of the U.S. It is of creeping growth. Blooms light rose pink with reverse deep rose. Grown well in sun.___Each 25c

ENGLISH HYBRID-Deep purple, hardy with slight protection Stock limited._____ -----Each 25c

DELIGHT—White and blue, absolutely hardy.

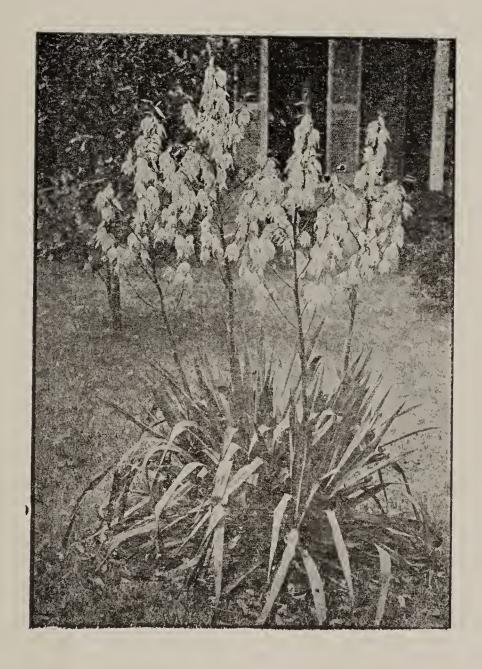
-----Each 15c; 10 for \$1.00

SYLVIA—Our first few plants of this violet came to us from a flower friend in Maryland, who said that it had been brought to her by her nature loving father as a great treasure because it was so rare. So far we have not been able to classify it, and are offering it christened in the name of the friend who gave it to us. Nothing daintier in a violet can be imposed at the control of the classific and like a best a remarkable deduction. agined. It is of trailing habit, and likes best a semi-shaded moist place. The wee little, cream colored blooms peep out among the tiny bright green leaves like the shy babies they are. They bloom with great freedom in the spring, and again in the fall._.

STRAYS--Violets are about the most difficult of plants to classify, owing to their free lance habits of mixing. We have for some years greatly prized several sorts, which we have decided to share with you at your pleasure—still nameless.

NO. 1-Petunia violet in color. Very large, round bloom, fairly covering the plants, as blooms are held well above the short foliage.____Each 20c NO. 2—White. Very fat, round bloom with heavy penciling of Bradley Violet about the center. Plant thickly studded with bloom. Early. Each 25c.

WILD VARIETIES—(See Wild Flowers).



YUCCA FILAMENTOSO

—Adam's Needle and Thread—

FILAMENTOSO—This is an evergreen plant, the root of which is said to be used by the Indians for soap, earning it the name of soap plant. It is very hardy and drouth resistant; is attractive either alone or with other perennials. Its Ieaves are pointed, tipped with a flexible needle and have "threads" along the sides.

This variety throws a magnificent spike five to six feet high, bearing a pyramid of creamy, white blooms resembling lilies. These blossoms measure 1½ to 2 inches and are very durable. Large blooming size._____Each 25c

Wild Flowers

The conservation of the wild flowers of the United States is receiving a good deal of attention. In some states laws have been enacted for their protection. It is high time. The raids of thoughtless people have practically exterminated them in the vicinity of almost all cities and large towns. It will take more than a law or two to save them unless the people show more respect for the law than they are now doing. It will take education and training of both young and old.

If one cannot content himself with looking at wild flowers, at least he should gather sparingly, being careful not to injure the plants, nor to rob any one plant entirely. When taking up roots for transplanting to your own garden, use care to get all the root and wrap carefully in its own soil. Most wild flowers resent exposure of the root. Do not take the last plant of any variety. Leave some for self-preservation. Very few wild flowers will survive if the entire top is taken at blooming time.

We supply our plants from our own gardens. Items that are starred are suitable for rock garden.

Price on all the following list, unless noted______5 of one kind \$1.00

BLUEBELL*—Mertensia Virginica—

The bluebell shows its pink buds early in spring but does not expand until the plant reaches full height, opening into panicles of drooping bells of soft baby blue. These bells are often pink at first, changing to a bright baby blue.

-----Each 25c: 3 for 55c

BLAZING STAR—Kansas Gay Feather—Liatris—

Long spikes of rosy-purple flower heads, very handsome and stately. Seems to enjoy clay banks for a home but grows beautifully in a garden. Blooms in August and September.

BLOOD ROOT*—Sanguinaria Canadensis—

A native low growing perennial that flowers very early before its leaves appear. Blooms about 6 in. high, white, an inch or more in diameter. Prefers rich loam and shade or rock garden.____Each 25c; 3 for 65c

WILD FLOWERS (Continued)

BLUE FLAG—Versicolor—

This is the common blue flag of our meadows and brooksides. Most at home in boggy places, but will do well in upland. Bright blue blossoms in June.

BUTTER AND EGGS*—Linaria—

The old-fashioned Butter and Eggs of our grandmothers' gardens._____3 for 25c

CATNIP—Uepeta Cataria—

The kind the kitties like.____3 for 25c

CATTAIL—Typhalatifola—

3 to 6 ft. Natural habitat edges of pools and brooks. Cylindrical flower heads of dark brown are most attractive. Winter bouquets and decoration.

DUTCHMAN'S BREECHES*—Dicentra—

Graceful racemes of quaint white flowers of the Bleeding Heart family. The feathery foliage adds much to its charm. Shady nooks and light leaf mould give its happiest setting, but it will flourish in any light soil if the roots are protected from trampling after it dies down._____2 for 25c

HEPATICA*—

One of the earliest wild flowers. It spreads into clumps that produce a mass of dainty blossoms in various shades of blue and pink. Lovely and dainty. Mixed colors.

HONEYSUCKLE*—Columbine—

An early and profuse blooming wild flower that will thrive at most anywhere. Flowers 1½ to 2 inches long, red and yellow, elusive fragrance. Very graceful and attractive. 2 for 25c

JACK-IN-THE-PULPIT*—Indian Turnip—

Odd plants with striped green and brown blooms, shaped like a calla lily. Seeds in a large head of scarlet berries. Likes partial shade._____2 for 35c

JACOB'S LADDER, GREEK VALERIAN*_

—Polemonium—

Fern-like foliage with spikes of beautiful pale blue, bell-like flowers. 8 to 10 inches, April. May.____Each 25c; 3 for 50c

WILD FLOWERS (Continued)

MAYAPPLE—Mandrake Peltatum—

A good plant for thick shade. Large, waxy flower, often measuring 2½ to 3 in. across, partly hidden beneath its umbrella of leaves. Its yellow fruit, about the size of a walnut, is much sought for by children—and some older folks. 3 for 25c

SWEET WILLIAM*—Phlox Divaricata Laphami—

A low growing wild phlox of beautiful gentian blue, flowering from May until July. Delicate fragrance. Lovely in mass.

SWEET FLAG or CALAMUS—Acorus—

A bog plant that will grow also in uplands. Its slender green foliage is attractive. The bloom is odd and interesting. Root used medicinally.

WILD AGERATUM—Eupatorium—

THOROUGH-WORT (Ageratoides)—A useful border plant of strong, free growth, 3 to 3½ feet, with minute white flowers in large heads that are fine for cutting in Aug. and Sept.

WILD GERANIUM—Crane's Bill—

PINK (Maculatum)—Native of our open woods. Flowers lavender pink. One of our delightful wild flowers. May, June 2 feet.——————Each 25c; 3 for 50c

WHITE (Album)—A white form of the above, not quite so tall. Flowers of better substances.____Each 25c; 3 for 50c

DARK BLUE (Praetens)—Large, deep blue flowers in pairs on stems. Very handsome for the border.___Each 35c; 3 for 75c

WILD PHLOX—Phlox Paniculata—

Rather loose panicles of fragrant blooms, in color true phlox purple. Naturalizes beautifully among other flowers and shrubs, thriving either in sun or shade. 2½ to 3 feet.

WILD ROSE—Rosa Carolina—

The well known wild rose with its fragrant single blooms of pink. The bright red fruit remains on the bushes to attract and feed hungry winter birds.

TURK'S CAP LILY—Superbum—

A native variety of great beauty. Brilliant orange flowers in July.

VIOLETS*—

VIOLET—Common wood Violet, blue.____Each 15c; doz. \$1.00 YELLOW WOOD VIOLET—Trailing habit. Each 15c; doz. \$1.00

WHITE WOOD VIOLET—Pure white, with slender lines of lavender on lip. Delights in a damp place and if so planted does not mind the sun._____Each 15c; doz. \$1.00

Hardy Flowering Shrubs

All shrubs will be sent by express or mail collect unless order is accompanied by a sufficient sum to cover these charges. No charge is made for packing and excess funds will be returned.

BUDDLEIA—Butterfly Bush—

VARIABILIS MAGNIFICA—This is in reality a shrub but in this climate freezes back each winter and comes up in spring. It is a rapid grower and is soon covered with long, drooping racemes of lilac-like sweet scented flowers. Continues in bloom all summer. 3 to 4 feet.——2-yr. plant 40c

JUNEBERRY—

JUNEBERRY—10 to 12 ft. This Juneberry must not be mistaken for the dwarf sort. It is a much heavier producer than the dwarf. It is sometimes called "Highbush Huckleberry" It is covered in spring with ornamental clusters of white bloom, followed by rosy-purple fruit that completely covers the bush. The berries are quite similar to huckleberries and make most excellent pies, either canned or fresh—that is if you are lucky, for birds, children, and grown folks flock to the tree. Stock very scarce. 1 to 2 ft.———Each 40c

HYDRANGEA-

ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA—Hills of Snow—This hydrangea resembles a miniature snowball bush. It is one of the most attractive hydrangeas flowering profusely from July till September. It reaches from 3 to 5 ft. in height, but may be spring pruned and kept even lower. 1½ to 3 ft.

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS—Beautybush—

A beautiful new shrub originally discovered among the high peaks of mountains in China. It has proven entirely hardy in the severe New England climate, and will make a distinct addition to our flowering shrubs. It grows to the height of 6 ft. and is covered with a mass of pink flowers in early June. Each bloom is 3-4 in. across the mouth, trumpet shape. The buds are deeper pink. Foliage lacy and sprays very flexible and graceful. Stock is limited everywhere. Order early. 1½ to 2 ft.______Each 50c; Blooming size \$2.50

LILAC-

French lilacs come to maturity and bloom very young. We have two varieties on their own roots, which we have not been able to identify. Both have fine double bloom and bloom profusely. These are blooming size.

DOUBLE WHITEEach	25c
DOUBLE REDDISH PURPLEEach	35c
One of εach	

HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)

POLYGONUM—

CUSPIDATUM—An herbaceous perennial shrub. This shrub is as yet practically "undiscovered" and has found its way

into very few gardens.

Early shoots and leaves are red, turning to light green. Leaves broad, 4 to 5 in. in length. The long branches have both terminal and auxiliary drooping panicles of tiny, creamy blooms that veil the plant. It is a most useful as well as ornamental plant, as it follows shortly after Baby's Breath and cuts equally as well, holding its beauty for winter bouquets. Height about 4 ft. Stock is scarce and unobtainable when our stock is exhausted. Price each_____\$1.00

SORBARIA—False Spirea—

SORBIFOLIA—A handsome rapid-growing shrub with many arching branches. Fresh green ash-like leaves and large white panicles of feathery bloom make of it a season long object of beauty. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 30c; 3 for 75c

SPIREA—

CALLOSA ALBA—Very similar to the above but white. Good clumps. _____Each 50c

PRUNIFOLIA, fl. pl.—Bridal Wreath—Plum-like foliage which turns red in autumn. Covered very early in spring with tiny, very double white blossoms. Very desirable. Height 4 to 10 ft.—————2 to 3 ft. Each 50c; 3 to 4 ft. Each 75c

Salad Plants

SPINACH-

SORREL SPINACH—The earliest spring greens to be found. It begins to throw up its long pointed leaves as soon as the snow is gone and is ready for cutting long before anything else. It is fine for salads, used raw, either alone or with other greens. When the leaves begin to toughen it may be cooked and is especially good combined with other greens, its slight acid adding a piquancy nothing else supplies. It is a "cut and come again" and furnishes such a quantity of greens that it should have a place in every garden. Entirely hardy.______Each 25c; dozen \$2.50

Hardy Native Shrubs

Our native shrubs are being rapidly destroyed in both woods and roadsides. A little care and special planting in unused corners will not only add beauty to our homes, but help to preserve our native attractions.

Prices f. o. b. Special prices may be had on larger specimens is desired.

CHOKE CHERRY—Small trees with long drooping racemes of blossoms. The fruit is somewhat puckery, but much liked by persons who enjoy woodsy fruit. It makes delicious and unusual jelly. 3 to 3 ft.______Each 50c

CRAP APPLE—The beauty of the wild crab is well known to everyone in the country where they are still to be found. City dwellers may carry its exquisite fragrance and lovely coloring into their home surroundings by establishing them on their grounds, as they are of easy culture. No shrub carries such a touch of the wildwood as the wild crab. Most abundant bloom of bright pink. Fruit sour and makes wonderful jelly. 2 to 3 ft._50c

ELDER—Immense flat-topped cymes of white flowers followed in September by black fruit, the source of "Mother's Elderberry Pie." 2 to 3 ft.____Each 35c

DOGWOOD—Broad spreading habit. Bright coral red branches. Creamy white flowers. Most attractive in winter as the branches remain red. 2 to 3 ft._____35c

HAZEL NUT—Nuts small and easily cracked. One of the finest of native nuts. 2 to 3 ft._____50c

PLUM—Sweet scented white bloom cover the tree in early spring and perfume the whole garden. Fruit edible. Fine for pies, preserves and jelly. 2 to 3 ft.

preserves and jelly. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 35c SUMAC—Our native sort grows 5 to 6 ft. Dense pannicles of white bloom followed by dark red fruits. Foliage colors brilliant shades of red in fall. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 35c

I received your letter and the nice box of bulbs. My, you sent such a nice lot of them. I surely thank you for them.—Mrs. E. H., El Portal, Calif.

The plants care Saturday and were as fresh and lively looking as before they were dug. Many thanks. I don't know what the bulbs were that you sent, but they were growing right along and looked good enough to eat.—Mrs. J. H., Prairie Point, Miss. Dear Flower Friend:

Box came today in fine shape. To say I'm delighted only tells half of it. I am just so glad for every one. I think every plant you sent me first is doing fine. Sure glad some one sent me your catalog for I've found a new flower friend that pleases me. Many thanks.—Mrs. W., Union City, Ind.

